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Crystal structure and Hirshfeld surface analysis of 1,3-bis{2,2-dichloro-1-[(*E*)-phenyldiazenyl]ethenyl}benzene

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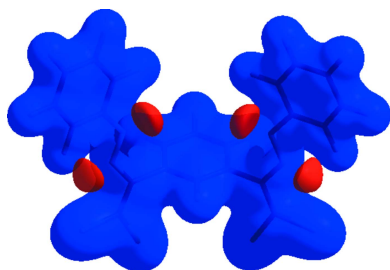
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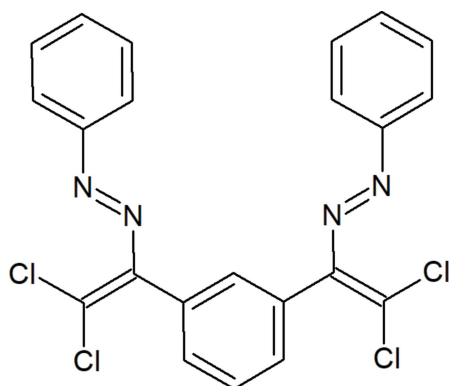
In the molecule of the title compound, C₂₂H₁₄Cl₄N₄, the central benzene ring makes dihedral angles of 77.03 (9) and 81.42 (9)° with the two approximately planar 2,2-dichloro-1-[(*E*)-phenyldiazenyl]vinyl groups. In the crystal, molecules are linked by C—H... π , C—Cl... π , Cl...Cl and Cl...H interactions, forming a three-dimensional network. The Hirshfeld surface analysis indicates that the most important contributions to the crystal packing are from H...H (30.4%), C...H/H...C (20.4%), Cl...H/H...Cl (19.4%), Cl...Cl (7.8%) and Cl...C/C...Cl (7.3%) interactions.

1. Chemical context

Azodyes and related hydrazones are of interest for synthetic organic chemistry, coordination chemistry, medicinal and material chemistry because of their important physical and biological properties (Mahmoudi *et al.*, 2016, 2017*a,b,c*, 2018*a,b*, 2019; Viswanathan *et al.*, 2019). For this reason, diverse new synthetic procedures have been developed for their efficient and versatile synthesis (Gurbanov *et al.*, 2017, 2018*a,b*; Ma *et al.*, 2017*a,b*). Moreover, azo/hydrazone ligands can also be used as starting materials in the synthesis of coordination and supramolecular compounds (Ma *et al.*, 2020, 2021; Mahmudov *et al.*, 2013; Sutradhar *et al.*, 2015, 2016), and as building blocks in the construction of 1D, 2D or 3D networks owing to their non-covalent bond-donating and acceptor capabilities (Gurbanov *et al.*, 2020*a*; Kopylovich *et al.*, 2011*a,b*; Asgarova *et al.*, 2019). In fact, inclusion of suitable substituents to azo/hydrazone ligands can improve their functional properties and the catalytic or biological activity of the corresponding coordination compounds (Mizar *et al.*, 2012; Gurbanov *et al.*, 2020*b*; Karmakar *et al.*, 2017; Khalilov *et al.*, 2011, 2018*a,b*; Mac Leod *et al.*, 2012; Maharramov *et al.*, 2019; Shikhaliyev *et al.*, 2019; Shixaliyev *et al.*, 2014). Thus, the attachment of halogen-containing substituents to azo/hydrazone compounds can improve their functional properties *via* intermolecular halogen bonding. In order to continue our work in this perspective, we have synthesized a new halogenated bis-azo ligand, 1,3-bis{2,2-dichloro-1-[(*E*)-phenyldiazenyl]ethenyl}benzene, which is able to provide multiple intermolecular non-covalent interactions.



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2. Structural commentary

The molecule of the title compound consists of three nearly planar fragments: the central benzene ring and the two attached 2,2-dichloro-1-[(*E*)-phenyldiazenyl]vinyl groups, C11–C8 and C13–C22 (Fig. 1), the largest deviations from the least-squares planes of these side groups being 0.060 (1) and 0.083 (3) Å for C12 and C18, respectively. These groups are nearly perpendicular to the central benzene ring, subtending dihedral angles of 77.03 (9) and 81.42 (9)°, respectively, with this ring. All bond dimensions within the molecule are typical of such type of compounds (Allen *et al.*, 1987).

3. Supramolecular features

In the crystal, molecules are linked by C–H... π (Table 1) and C–Cl... π interactions [C15–Cl4...Cg3ⁱⁱ; C14...Cg3ⁱⁱ = 3.9572 (15); C15...Cg3ⁱⁱ = 4.381 (3) Å; C15–Cl4...Cg3ⁱⁱ = 92.60 (10)°; symmetry code: (ii) 2 – *x*, 1 – *y*, 1 – *z*] involving the terminal C17–C22 phenyl ring (Cg3). Besides this, there are the Cl...Cl and Cl...H contacts, which contribute to a three-dimensional network (Table 2, Figs. 2 and 3).

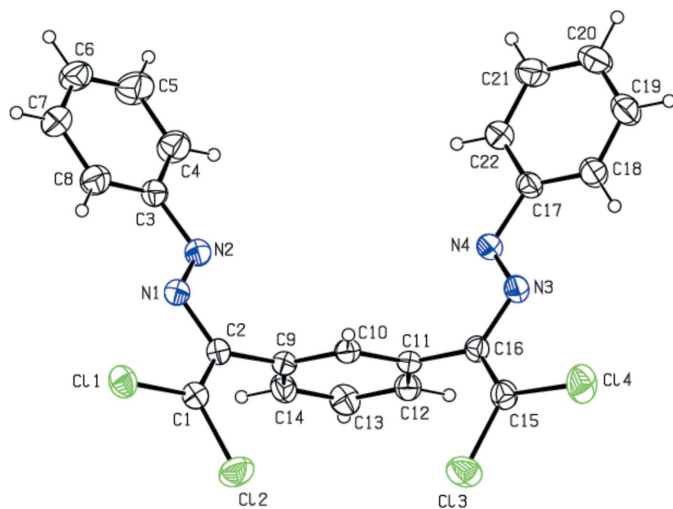


Figure 1
The title molecule with the labelling scheme and 30% probability ellipsoids.

Table 1

C–H... π interactions (Å, °).

Cg3 is the centroid of the C17–C22 ring.

<i>D</i> –H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> –H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> –H... <i>A</i>
C12–H12A...Cg3 ⁱ	0.93	2.72	3.610 (3)	162

Symmetry code: (i) *x*, –*y* + $\frac{3}{2}$, *z* – $\frac{1}{2}$.

4. Hirshfeld surface analysis

The Hirshfeld surfaces and two-dimensional fingerprint plots were generated using *Crystal Explorer 17.5* (Turner *et al.*, 2017). Hirshfeld surfaces show intermolecular interactions by different hues and intensities to denote short and long

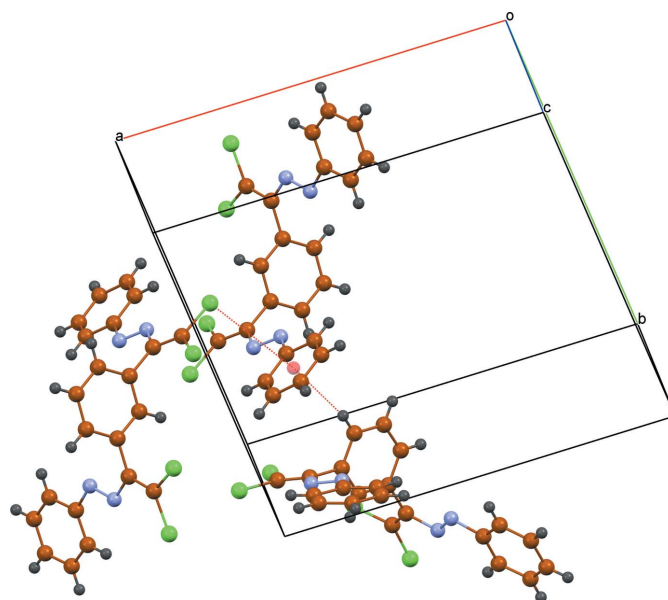


Figure 2

A fragment of the molecular packing showing the C–H... π and C–Cl... π interactions.

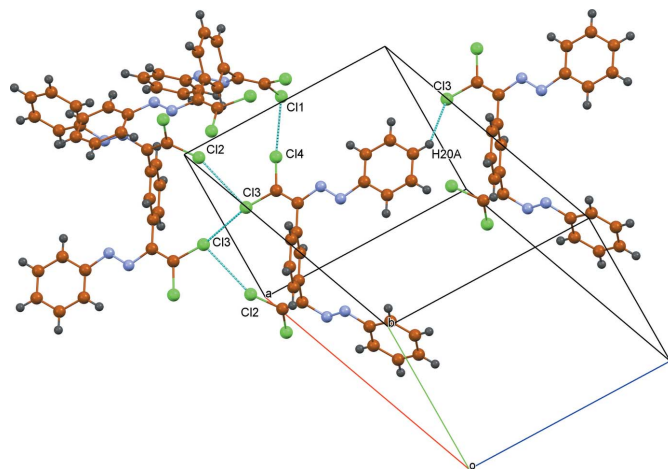


Figure 3

A fragment of the molecular packing showing the Cl...Cl and Cl–H interactions.

Table 2
Intermolecular contacts (Å) in the title structure.

Contact	Distance	Symmetry operation
Cl4...Cg3	1.709 (2)	$2 - x, 1 - y, 1 - z$
Cl1...Cl4	3.4325 (12)	$2 - x, -\frac{1}{2} + y, \frac{1}{2} - z$
Cl3...Cl2	3.5171 (13)	$2 - x, 1 - y, -z$
H14A...C7	2.97	$x, \frac{1}{2} - y, -\frac{1}{2} + z$
Cl3...H20A	3.10	$x, y, -1 + z$
H13A...C4	2.95	$1 - x, 1 - y, -z$
H7A...H4A	2.43	$1 - x, -\frac{1}{2} + y, \frac{1}{2} - z$
H12A...C21	2.92	$x, \frac{3}{2} - y, -\frac{1}{2} + z$
H8A...H7A	2.54	$1 - x, -y, -z$

contacts, as well as the intensity of the connections. In Fig. 4, the 3D Hirshfeld surface of the title molecule is mapped over d_{norm} in the range -0.0453 to 1.4337 a.u. The red patches surrounding Cl1, Cl2, Cl3 and Cl4 are caused by the Cl1...Cl4, Cl3...Cl2 and Cl3...H20A interactions, which play a vital role in the molecular packing of the title compound, and highlight their functions as donors and/or acceptors; they also appear as blue and red regions on the Hirshfeld surface mapped over electrostatic potential (Spackman *et al.*, 2008) corresponding to positive and negative potentials, as shown in Fig. 5. The blue regions indicate positive electrostatic potential (hydrogen-bond donors), while the red regions indicate negative electrostatic potential (hydrogen-bond acceptors).

In Fig. 6, the overall two-dimensional fingerprint plot for the title compound and those delineated into H...H, C...H/H...C, Cl...H/H...Cl, Cl...Cl and Cl...C/C...Cl contacts, as well as their relative contributions to the Hirshfeld surface, are shown, while Table 2 provides data on the distinct intermolecular contacts. The percentage contributions to the Hirshfeld surfaces from various interatomic contacts are: H...H (30.4%; Fig. 6b), C...H/H...C (20.4%; Fig. 6c), Cl...H/H...Cl (19.4%; Fig. 6d), Cl...Cl (7.8%; Fig. 6e) and Cl...C/C...Cl (7.3%; Fig. 6f). Other Cl...N/N...Cl, N...H/H...N, C...C, N...C/C...N and N...N contacts account for

Table 3
Percentage contributions of interatomic contacts to the Hirshfeld surface for the title compound.

Contact	Percentage contribution
H...H	30.4
C...H/H...C	20.4
Cl...H/H...Cl	19.4
Cl...Cl	7.8
Cl...C/C...Cl	7.3
Cl...N/N...Cl	5.9
N...H/H...N	5.6
C...C	1.8
N...C/C...N	1.2
N...N	0.2

less than 5.9% of Hirshfeld surface mapping and have minimal directional impact on molecular packing (Table 3).

5. Database survey

A search of Cambridge Crystallographic Database (CSD, version 5.41, update of August 2020; Groom *et al.*, 2016) revealed a closely related compound, meso-(*E,E*)-1,10-[1,2-bis(4-chlorophenyl)ethane-1,2-diyl]bis(phenyldiazene), for which triclinic (refcode PAGCEI; Mohamed *et al.*, 2016) and monoclinic (PAGCEI01; Mohamed *et al.*, 2016) polymorphs are known. In both polymorphs, the molecules lie on inversion centres, but in PAGCEI01, the molecules are subject to whole-molecule disorder equivalent to configurational disorder with occupancies of 0.6021 (19) and 0.3979 (19). There are no hydrogen bonds in the crystal structure of PAGCEI, whereas the molecules of PAGCEI01 are linked by C—H... π (arene) hydrogen bonds into complex chains, which are further linked into sheets by C—H...N interactions.

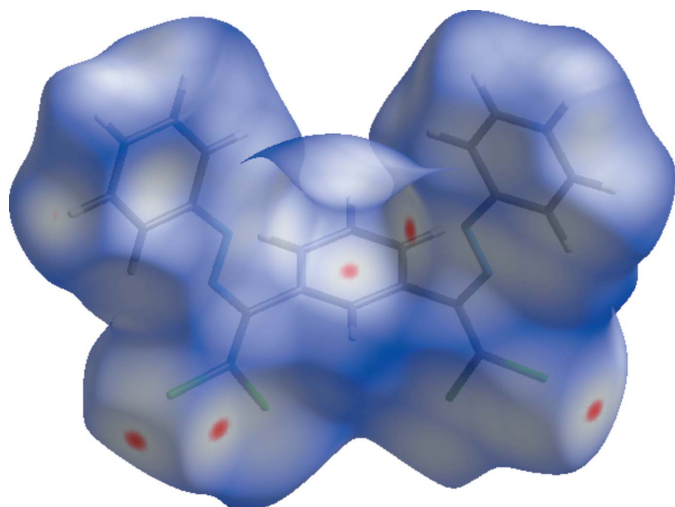


Figure 4
View of the three-dimensional Hirshfeld surface of the title compound plotted over d_{norm} in the range -0.0453 to 1.4337 a.u.

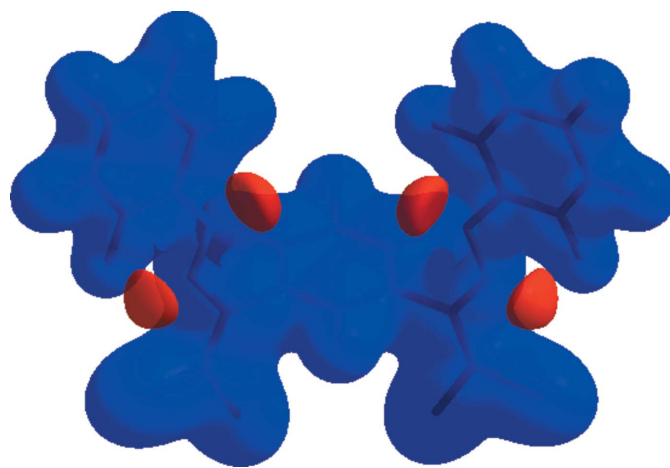


Figure 5
View of the three-dimensional Hirshfeld surface of the title complex plotted over electrostatic potential energy in the range -0.1379 to 0.1988 a.u. using the STO-3G basis set at the Hartree–Fock level of theory. The hydrogen-bond donors and acceptors are viewed as blue and red regions around the atoms corresponding to positive and negative potentials, respectively.

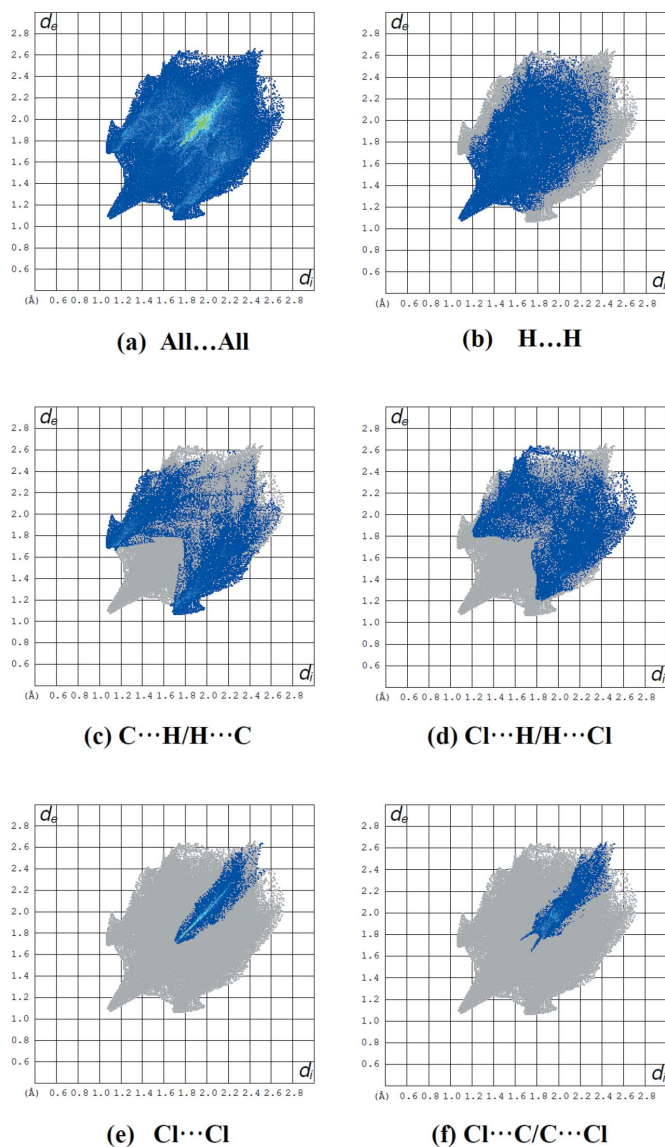


Figure 6

The full two-dimensional fingerprint plots for the title compound, showing (a) all interactions, and delineated into (b) H...H, (c) C...H/H...C, (d) Cl...H/H...Cl, (e) Cl...Cl and (f) Cl...C/C...Cl interactions. The d_i and d_e values are the closest internal and external distances (in Å) from given points on the Hirshfeld surface.

6. Synthesis and crystallization

This bis-azo dye was synthesized according to a reported method (Maharramov *et al.*, 2018; Shikhaliyev *et al.*, 2018). A 20 mL screw neck vial was charged with DMSO (10 mL), 1,3-bis[(*E*)-(2-phenylhydrazineylidene)methyl]benzene (628 mg, 2 mmol), tetramethylethylenediamine (TMEDA) (581 mg, 5 mmol), CuCl (3 mg, 0.03 mmol) and CCl₄ (20 mmol, 10 equiv). After 1–3 h (until TLC analysis showed complete consumption of the corresponding Schiff base), the reaction mixture was poured into a 0.01 M solution of HCl (100 mL, pH = 2–3), and extracted with dichloromethane (3 × 20 mL). The combined organic phase was washed with water (3 × 50 mL), brine (30 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and

Table 4

Experimental details.

Crystal data	
Chemical formula	C ₂₂ H ₁₄ Cl ₄ N ₄
M_r	476.17
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
Temperature (K)	296
a , b , c (Å)	16.0289 (10), 13.1213 (8), 11.1286 (7)
β (°)	108.073 (2)
V (Å ³)	2225.1 (2)
Z	4
Radiation type	Mo $K\alpha$
μ (mm ⁻¹)	0.55
Crystal size (mm)	0.44 × 0.26 × 0.12
Data collection	
Diffractometer	Bruker APEXII CCD
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Krause <i>et al.</i> , 2015)
$T_{\min}$, $T_{\max}$	0.621, 0.745
No. of measured, independent and observed [$I > 2\sigma(I)$] reflections	24362, 4399, 3193
R_{int}	0.044
$(\sin \theta/\lambda)_{\text{max}}$ (Å ⁻¹)	0.626
Refinement	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)]$, $wR(F^2)$, S	0.046, 0.112, 1.01
No. of reflections	4399
No. of parameters	271
H-atom treatment	H-atom parameters constrained
$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}}$ $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}}$ (e Å ⁻³)	0.24, −0.25

Computer programs: *APEX3* and *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007), *SHELXT2016/6* (Sheldrick, 2015a), *SHELXL2016/6* (Sheldrick, 2015b), *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 2012) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2020).

concentrated *in vacuo* using a rotary evaporator. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using appropriate mixtures of hexane and dichloromethane (3/1–1/1). Crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were obtained by slow evaporation of a dichloromethane solution. Orange solid (50%); mp 402 K. Analysis calculated for C₂₂H₁₄Cl₄N₄ (M = 476.18): C 55.49, H 2.96, N 11.77; found: C 55.45, H 2.94, N 11.70%. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.58–8.02 (14H, Ar). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 121.8, 122.15, 124.83, 126.28, 127.32, 128.04, 128.95, 130.09, 133.12, 139.07. ESI-MS: m/z : 477.32 [M + H]⁺.

7. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 4. All H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model, with C–H = 0.93 Å, and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$. Owing to poor agreement between observed and calculated intensities, six outliers ($\bar{2}$ 16 2, $\bar{14}$ 1 12, $\bar{12}$ 1 13, 8 14 1, $\bar{11}$ 2 13 and $\bar{3}$ 16 1) were omitted in the final cycles of refinement.

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Authors' contributions are as follows. Conceptualization, NQS, MA, and AB; synthesis, NQA and NEA; X-ray analysis, RKA; writing, NQS, ZA, MA and AB; funding acquisition, NQS, NEA and RKA; supervision, NQS, MA and AB.

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supporting information

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Crystal structure and Hirshfeld surface analysis of 1,3-bis{2,2-dichloro-1-[(*E*)-phenyldiazenyl]ethenyl}benzene

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Computing details

Data collection: *APEX3* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXT2016/6* (Sheldrick, 2015a); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2016/6* (Sheldrick, 2015b); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 2012); software used to prepare material for publication: *PLATON* (Spek, 2020).

(*E*)-[2,2-Dichloro-1-(3-{2,2-dichloro-1-[(*E*)-2-phenyldiazen-1-yl]ethenyl}phenyl)ethenyl](phenyl)diazene

Crystal data

$C_{22}H_{14}Cl_4N_4$

$M_r = 476.17$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

$a = 16.0289$ (10) Å

$b = 13.1213$ (8) Å

$c = 11.1286$ (7) Å

$\beta = 108.073$ (2)°

$V = 2225.1$ (2) Å³

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 968$

$D_x = 1.421$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 6439 reflections

$\theta = 2.5$ – 26.4 °

$\mu = 0.55$ mm⁻¹

$T = 296$ K

Prism, colourless

$0.44 \times 0.26 \times 0.12$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD
diffractometer

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Krause *et al.*, 2015)

$T_{\min} = 0.621$, $T_{\max} = 0.745$

24362 measured reflections

4399 independent reflections

3193 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.044$

$\theta_{\max} = 26.4$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 2.1$ °

$h = -20 \rightarrow 20$

$k = -16 \rightarrow 16$

$l = -13 \rightarrow 13$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$

$wR(F^2) = 0.112$

$S = 1.01$

4399 reflections

271 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0456P)^2 + 1.0697P]$$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.24 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.25 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ($\text{\AA}^2$)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	<i>U</i> _{iso} */ <i>U</i> _{eq}
Cl1	0.74226 (5)	0.14141 (5)	−0.10025 (7)	0.0592 (2)
Cl2	0.81687 (6)	0.33515 (7)	−0.12359 (8)	0.0777 (3)
Cl3	0.97228 (5)	0.57996 (7)	0.11006 (7)	0.0736 (3)
Cl4	1.05825 (5)	0.63410 (7)	0.36813 (8)	0.0762 (3)
N1	0.65092 (13)	0.24501 (16)	0.05084 (19)	0.0467 (5)
N2	0.60887 (13)	0.28678 (16)	0.11510 (19)	0.0488 (5)
N3	0.88872 (14)	0.60214 (16)	0.40656 (19)	0.0469 (5)
N4	0.81623 (14)	0.58883 (16)	0.42594 (18)	0.0468 (5)
C1	0.74926 (16)	0.2676 (2)	−0.0611 (2)	0.0472 (6)
C2	0.70658 (15)	0.31073 (19)	0.0111 (2)	0.0435 (6)
C3	0.55342 (16)	0.2175 (2)	0.1536 (2)	0.0480 (6)
C4	0.5054 (2)	0.2569 (3)	0.2249 (3)	0.0698 (8)
H4A	0.510609	0.325648	0.246399	0.084*
C5	0.4494 (2)	0.1959 (3)	0.2652 (3)	0.0830 (10)
H5A	0.417287	0.223700	0.313982	0.100*
C6	0.44075 (19)	0.0957 (3)	0.2343 (3)	0.0721 (9)
H6A	0.402268	0.054889	0.260581	0.086*
C7	0.4887 (2)	0.0553 (3)	0.1645 (3)	0.0730 (9)
H7A	0.483059	−0.013532	0.143736	0.088*
C8	0.5458 (2)	0.1151 (2)	0.1240 (3)	0.0641 (8)
H8A	0.578832	0.086471	0.077119	0.077*
C9	0.71822 (15)	0.41985 (18)	0.0494 (2)	0.0419 (5)
C10	0.79331 (15)	0.45017 (18)	0.1441 (2)	0.0409 (5)
H10A	0.835438	0.401942	0.183488	0.049*
C11	0.80614 (15)	0.55110 (18)	0.1805 (2)	0.0386 (5)
C12	0.74374 (16)	0.62289 (19)	0.1206 (2)	0.0465 (6)
H12A	0.751924	0.691101	0.144018	0.056*
C13	0.66925 (17)	0.5928 (2)	0.0259 (2)	0.0545 (7)
H13A	0.627449	0.641110	−0.014303	0.065*
C14	0.65639 (16)	0.4924 (2)	−0.0093 (2)	0.0510 (6)
H14A	0.605927	0.472971	−0.072944	0.061*
C15	0.96300 (16)	0.5965 (2)	0.2578 (2)	0.0498 (6)
C16	0.88676 (15)	0.58312 (18)	0.2816 (2)	0.0418 (5)
C17	0.82000 (18)	0.60524 (19)	0.5545 (2)	0.0477 (6)
C18	0.89313 (19)	0.6384 (2)	0.6491 (2)	0.0571 (7)
H18A	0.944637	0.653856	0.631148	0.068*

C19	0.8890 (2)	0.6485 (2)	0.7705 (3)	0.0670 (8)
H19A	0.938099	0.670842	0.834584	0.080*
C20	0.8130 (3)	0.6258 (2)	0.7979 (3)	0.0717 (9)
H20A	0.810894	0.632115	0.880182	0.086*
C21	0.7409 (2)	0.5940 (2)	0.7040 (3)	0.0699 (8)
H21A	0.689496	0.578686	0.722387	0.084*
C22	0.74340 (19)	0.5843 (2)	0.5820 (3)	0.0589 (7)
H22A	0.693555	0.563666	0.518131	0.071*

Atomic displacement parameters ($\text{\AA}^2$)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C11	0.0678 (4)	0.0510 (4)	0.0588 (4)	0.0018 (3)	0.0197 (3)	−0.0113 (3)
C12	0.0910 (6)	0.0744 (5)	0.0899 (6)	−0.0174 (4)	0.0603 (5)	−0.0081 (4)
C13	0.0575 (4)	0.1103 (7)	0.0610 (5)	−0.0054 (4)	0.0302 (3)	−0.0060 (4)
C14	0.0446 (4)	0.0956 (6)	0.0776 (5)	−0.0107 (4)	0.0032 (3)	−0.0124 (4)
N1	0.0497 (11)	0.0487 (13)	0.0435 (12)	−0.0082 (10)	0.0171 (10)	−0.0042 (10)
N2	0.0497 (12)	0.0525 (13)	0.0460 (12)	−0.0077 (10)	0.0173 (10)	−0.0055 (10)
N3	0.0532 (12)	0.0440 (12)	0.0414 (11)	−0.0046 (10)	0.0115 (10)	−0.0043 (9)
N4	0.0557 (12)	0.0452 (12)	0.0397 (11)	−0.0045 (10)	0.0148 (10)	−0.0026 (9)
C1	0.0491 (14)	0.0484 (15)	0.0438 (14)	−0.0029 (12)	0.0141 (11)	−0.0023 (11)
C2	0.0440 (13)	0.0460 (14)	0.0384 (13)	−0.0071 (11)	0.0095 (10)	−0.0037 (11)
C3	0.0451 (13)	0.0547 (16)	0.0432 (14)	−0.0065 (12)	0.0122 (11)	−0.0016 (12)
C4	0.0744 (19)	0.065 (2)	0.082 (2)	−0.0045 (16)	0.0424 (18)	−0.0088 (16)
C5	0.074 (2)	0.099 (3)	0.095 (3)	−0.006 (2)	0.053 (2)	−0.004 (2)
C6	0.0568 (17)	0.093 (3)	0.067 (2)	−0.0182 (17)	0.0208 (15)	0.0087 (18)
C7	0.090 (2)	0.062 (2)	0.071 (2)	−0.0208 (17)	0.0303 (18)	0.0000 (16)
C8	0.0746 (19)	0.0585 (19)	0.0672 (19)	−0.0088 (15)	0.0335 (16)	−0.0058 (15)
C9	0.0448 (12)	0.0448 (14)	0.0382 (12)	−0.0062 (11)	0.0159 (10)	−0.0036 (11)
C10	0.0415 (12)	0.0418 (14)	0.0399 (13)	−0.0003 (10)	0.0136 (10)	0.0027 (10)
C11	0.0426 (12)	0.0414 (14)	0.0342 (12)	−0.0043 (10)	0.0155 (10)	−0.0009 (10)
C12	0.0528 (14)	0.0410 (14)	0.0471 (14)	0.0010 (11)	0.0177 (12)	−0.0023 (11)
C13	0.0525 (15)	0.0534 (17)	0.0523 (16)	0.0110 (13)	0.0085 (12)	0.0036 (13)
C14	0.0461 (13)	0.0591 (17)	0.0422 (14)	−0.0033 (12)	0.0056 (11)	−0.0045 (12)
C15	0.0432 (13)	0.0541 (16)	0.0499 (15)	−0.0022 (12)	0.0111 (11)	−0.0041 (12)
C16	0.0454 (13)	0.0371 (13)	0.0419 (13)	−0.0019 (10)	0.0117 (10)	−0.0017 (10)
C17	0.0658 (16)	0.0389 (14)	0.0384 (13)	−0.0005 (12)	0.0160 (12)	−0.0020 (11)
C18	0.0664 (17)	0.0538 (17)	0.0474 (15)	−0.0019 (14)	0.0125 (13)	−0.0034 (13)
C19	0.090 (2)	0.0604 (19)	0.0432 (16)	−0.0001 (17)	0.0098 (15)	−0.0027 (13)
C20	0.112 (3)	0.062 (2)	0.0460 (17)	0.0052 (18)	0.0309 (18)	0.0006 (14)
C21	0.089 (2)	0.071 (2)	0.0593 (19)	−0.0048 (18)	0.0366 (17)	−0.0004 (16)
C22	0.0701 (18)	0.0583 (18)	0.0514 (16)	−0.0084 (14)	0.0233 (14)	−0.0052 (13)

Geometric parameters ($\text{\AA}$, $^\circ$)

C11—C1	1.707 (3)	C9—C14	1.383 (3)
C12—C1	1.706 (3)	C9—C10	1.389 (3)
C13—C15	1.710 (3)	C10—C11	1.381 (3)

C14—C15	1.709 (2)	C10—H10A	0.9300
N1—N2	1.251 (3)	C11—C12	1.385 (3)
N1—C2	1.407 (3)	C11—C16	1.487 (3)
N2—C3	1.427 (3)	C12—C13	1.383 (3)
N3—N4	1.258 (3)	C12—H12A	0.9300
N3—C16	1.404 (3)	C13—C14	1.372 (4)
N4—C17	1.430 (3)	C13—H13A	0.9300
C1—C2	1.333 (3)	C14—H14A	0.9300
C2—C9	1.489 (3)	C15—C16	1.340 (3)
C3—C4	1.367 (4)	C17—C18	1.381 (4)
C3—C8	1.380 (4)	C17—C22	1.382 (4)
C4—C5	1.378 (4)	C18—C19	1.380 (4)
C4—H4A	0.9300	C18—H18A	0.9300
C5—C6	1.356 (5)	C19—C20	1.378 (4)
C5—H5A	0.9300	C19—H19A	0.9300
C6—C7	1.358 (4)	C20—C21	1.361 (4)
C6—H6A	0.9300	C20—H20A	0.9300
C7—C8	1.383 (4)	C21—C22	1.376 (4)
C7—H7A	0.9300	C21—H21A	0.9300
C8—H8A	0.9300	C22—H22A	0.9300
N2—N1—C2	114.7 (2)	C10—C11—C16	120.5 (2)
N1—N2—C3	112.9 (2)	C12—C11—C16	120.0 (2)
N4—N3—C16	114.0 (2)	C13—C12—C11	119.8 (2)
N3—N4—C17	113.3 (2)	C13—C12—H12A	120.1
C2—C1—C12	122.4 (2)	C11—C12—H12A	120.1
C2—C1—C11	124.1 (2)	C14—C13—C12	120.6 (2)
C12—C1—C11	113.55 (15)	C14—C13—H13A	119.7
C1—C2—N1	115.1 (2)	C12—C13—H13A	119.7
C1—C2—C9	122.6 (2)	C13—C14—C9	120.2 (2)
N1—C2—C9	122.3 (2)	C13—C14—H14A	119.9
C4—C3—C8	118.9 (3)	C9—C14—H14A	119.9
C4—C3—N2	116.6 (3)	C16—C15—C14	124.2 (2)
C8—C3—N2	124.5 (2)	C16—C15—C13	122.0 (2)
C3—C4—C5	120.7 (3)	C14—C15—C13	113.76 (15)
C3—C4—H4A	119.7	C15—C16—N3	115.6 (2)
C5—C4—H4A	119.7	C15—C16—C11	121.3 (2)
C6—C5—C4	120.4 (3)	N3—C16—C11	123.2 (2)
C6—C5—H5A	119.8	C18—C17—C22	119.7 (3)
C4—C5—H5A	119.8	C18—C17—N4	125.0 (3)
C5—C6—C7	119.5 (3)	C22—C17—N4	115.3 (2)
C5—C6—H6A	120.2	C19—C18—C17	119.3 (3)
C7—C6—H6A	120.2	C19—C18—H18A	120.3
C6—C7—C8	121.0 (3)	C17—C18—H18A	120.3
C6—C7—H7A	119.5	C20—C19—C18	120.7 (3)
C8—C7—H7A	119.5	C20—C19—H19A	119.7
C3—C8—C7	119.5 (3)	C18—C19—H19A	119.7
C3—C8—H8A	120.2	C21—C20—C19	119.7 (3)

C7—C8—H8A	120.2	C21—C20—H20A	120.2
C14—C9—C10	119.1 (2)	C19—C20—H20A	120.2
C14—C9—C2	121.2 (2)	C20—C21—C22	120.5 (3)
C10—C9—C2	119.6 (2)	C20—C21—H21A	119.7
C11—C10—C9	120.8 (2)	C22—C21—H21A	119.7
C11—C10—H10A	119.6	C21—C22—C17	120.0 (3)
C9—C10—H10A	119.6	C21—C22—H22A	120.0
C10—C11—C12	119.4 (2)	C17—C22—H22A	120.0
C2—N1—N2—C3	−179.88 (19)	C16—C11—C12—C13	179.5 (2)
C16—N3—N4—C17	178.1 (2)	C11—C12—C13—C14	0.1 (4)
Cl1—C1—C2—N1	−2.4 (3)	C12—C13—C14—C9	−0.2 (4)
Cl2—C1—C2—C9	−3.6 (3)	C10—C9—C14—C13	−0.1 (4)
Cl1—C1—C2—C9	176.39 (18)	C2—C9—C14—C13	−178.8 (2)
N2—N1—C2—C1	−177.7 (2)	Cl4—C15—C16—N3	0.0 (3)
N2—N1—C2—C9	3.5 (3)	Cl3—C15—C16—N3	−178.32 (18)
N1—N2—C3—C4	179.7 (2)	Cl4—C15—C16—C11	179.46 (19)
N1—N2—C3—C8	−0.1 (4)	Cl3—C15—C16—C11	1.2 (4)
C8—C3—C4—C5	−0.9 (5)	N4—N3—C16—C15	−179.9 (2)
N2—C3—C4—C5	179.3 (3)	N4—N3—C16—C11	0.6 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	−0.3 (5)	C10—C11—C16—C15	79.5 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C7	0.9 (5)	C12—C11—C16—C15	−99.6 (3)
C5—C6—C7—C8	−0.4 (5)	C10—C11—C16—N3	−101.1 (3)
C4—C3—C8—C7	1.4 (4)	C12—C11—C16—N3	79.9 (3)
N2—C3—C8—C7	−178.8 (3)	N3—N4—C17—C18	3.8 (4)
C6—C7—C8—C3	−0.7 (5)	N3—N4—C17—C22	−175.5 (2)
C1—C2—C9—C14	102.4 (3)	C22—C17—C18—C19	1.1 (4)
N1—C2—C9—C14	−79.0 (3)	N4—C17—C18—C19	−178.1 (2)
C1—C2—C9—C10	−76.3 (3)	C17—C18—C19—C20	0.0 (4)
N1—C2—C9—C10	102.4 (3)	C18—C19—C20—C21	−0.6 (5)
C14—C9—C10—C11	0.6 (3)	C19—C20—C21—C22	0.1 (5)
C2—C9—C10—C11	179.3 (2)	C20—C21—C22—C17	1.1 (5)
C9—C10—C11—C12	−0.8 (3)	C18—C17—C22—C21	−1.7 (4)
C9—C10—C11—C16	−179.8 (2)	N4—C17—C22—C21	177.6 (3)
C10—C11—C12—C13	0.4 (4)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry ($\text{\AA}$, $^\circ$)

Cg3 is the centroid of the C17—C22 ring.

$D\cdots H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C12—H12A $\cdots$ Cg3 ⁱ	0.93	2.72	3.610 (3)	162

Symmetry code: (i) $x, -y+3/2, z-1/2$.